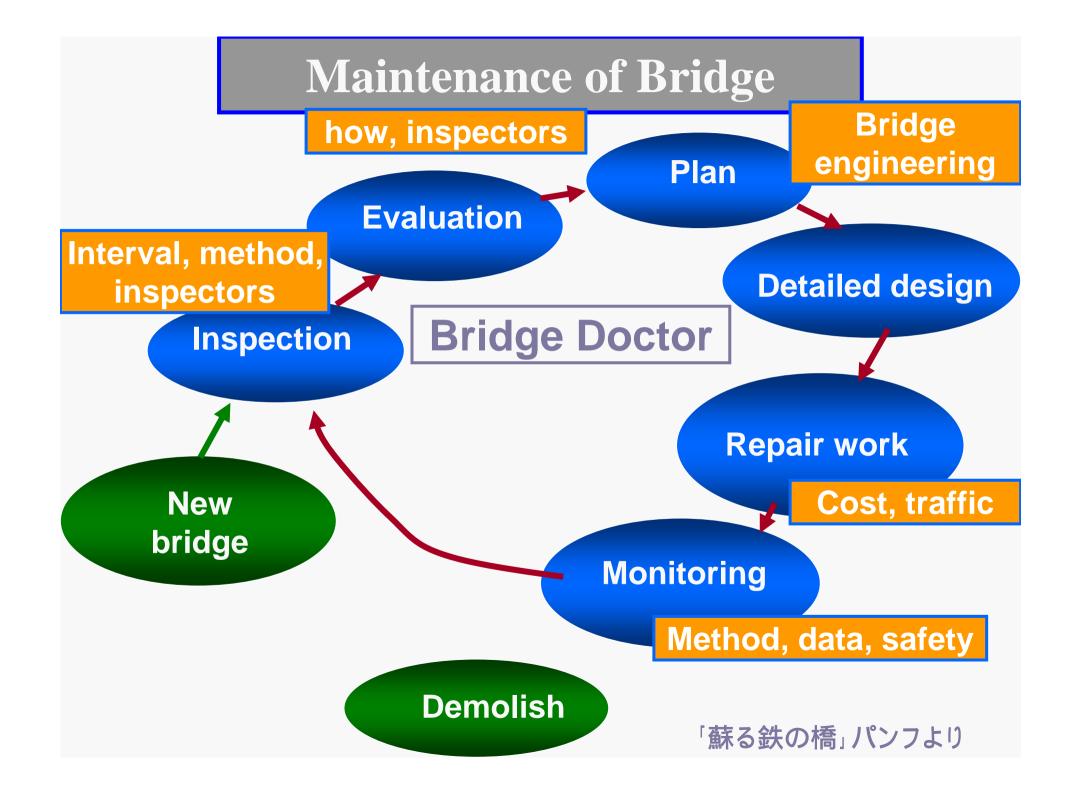


### Introduction

- 1. Bridge Management system
- 2. Inspection, evaluation and maintenance
- 3. Fatigue of steel members
- 4. Stress measurement and Bridge Weigh-in-Motion
- 5. Retrofitting, example of orthotropic steel deck
- 6. Corrosion and anticorrosion measure

- 1. Bridge inspection
- 2. Example of bridge inspection system of Japanese National Roads
- 3. For easy inspection
- 4. Evaluation
- 5. Maintenance
- 6. Some examples of poor inspection in Japan



## Example of bridge inspection (modified 2004)

Daily inspection: once every day from patrol cars.

Check safety of road surface.

**Inspection on Foot:** occasionally on foot.

Check with telescope under the bridge.

Periodic inspection: 10 years interval.

Visual inspection close to structural member.

**Detailed inspection:** when needed.

For new type of problem using NDT equipment.

**Special inspection:** after typhoon or earthquake.

Visual inspection.

## Daily inspection, Inspection on foot

#### **Daily inspection**

Safety of road surface. Expansion joints.



#### **Inspection on foot.**

Any deterioration under the bridge.

Danger to the third party.



# Periodic inspection, every 5 years

#### **Periodic inspection**

Visual inspection, but close to inspection points using special lift.

















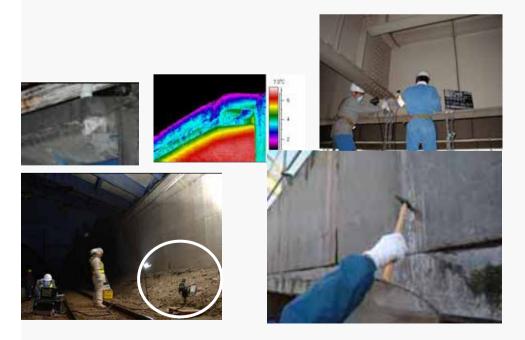
## Detailed inspection and special inspection

#### **Detailed inspection**

Inspection for particular deterioration often s using NDT equip.

#### **Special Inspection**

After Typhoon and earthquake, usually by visual inspection on foot.





Kobe
Earthquake
1995

## Tools to help better inspection

Good access to details: System for easy inspection

(Japan vs. Germany)

Training program for Lectures and on-site training. inspectors:

Corrosion map, fatigue crack map

Advice by experts: On-site training. Corporation with

researchers.

**Tools:** Paint View, remote sensing,

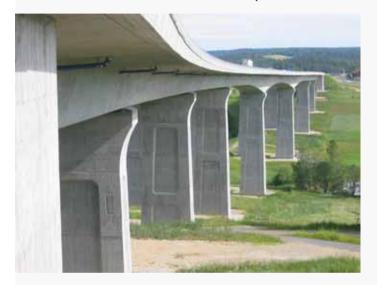
monitoring

**Evaluation:** 

# Easy access for better inspection

Trockou B. (Germany)

Access to expansion joints











# Easy access for better inspection

Luzerndorf B. (Germany) Roadside space for inspection









# Poor access prevented better inspection

Poor Case 1: No inspection deck for slow lane.

Crack of 1 m long was found in Oct. 2006.







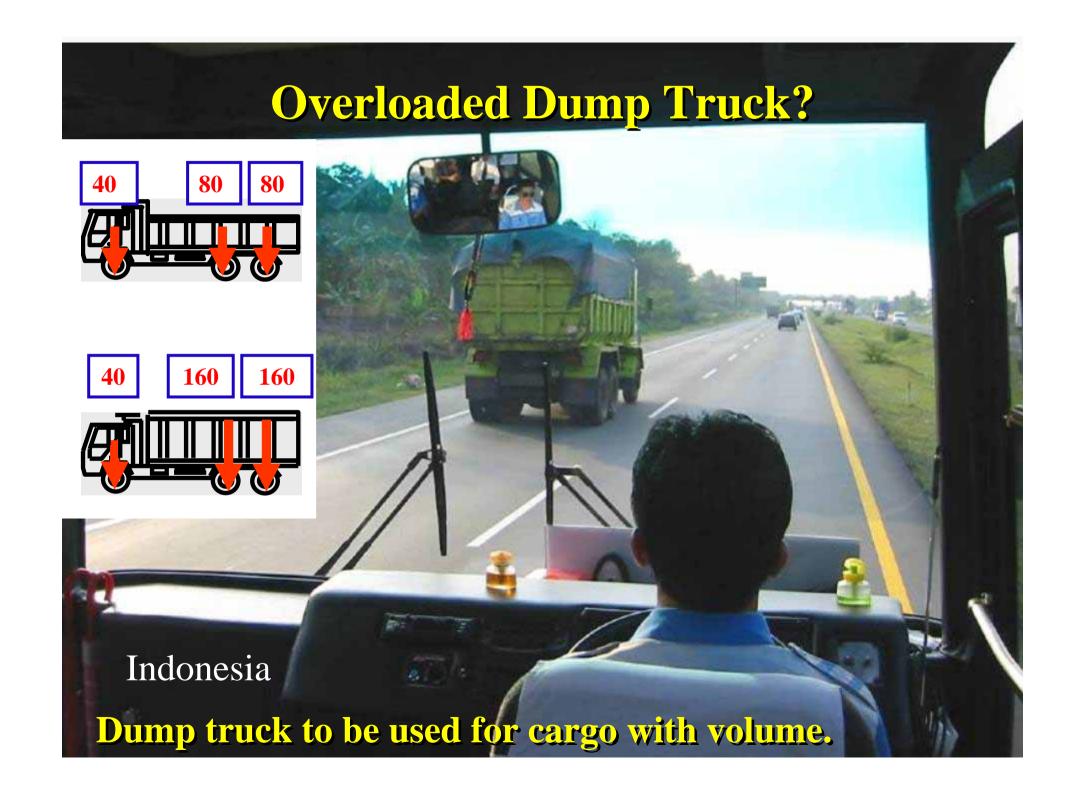


## What to inspect?

- No knowledge, no seen.
- See, observe, inspect, watch, consult, grasp, etc.
- Corrosion map, fatigue crack map, etc. (traffic condition, repair history, etc.)

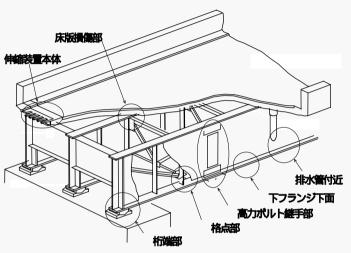
### Priority

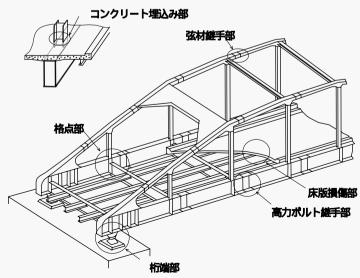
- 1. Structural deficiency
- 2. Danger to the third party
- 3. Expected fast rate of deterioration
- 4. Others



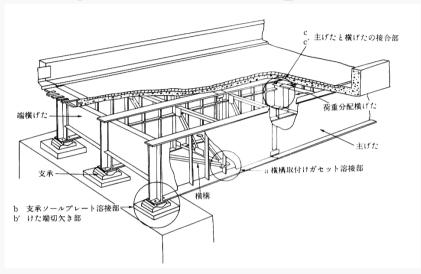
## Information prior to inspection (General)

### Corrosion Map





### Fatigue Crack Map



Such information can be used to educate inspectors.

Each country has its own trend of damages.

Corrosion Map (Plate Girder)



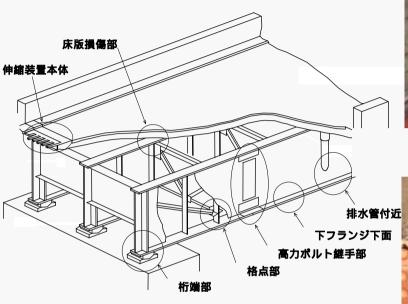
Shoe and Girder End



**Panel Point** 



**Bolted Joint** 



Lower Flange



Drain





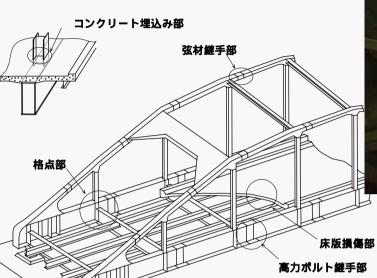
**Expansion Joint** 

Corrosion Map of Langer Bridge



Girder End





**Panel Point** 



**Joints** 

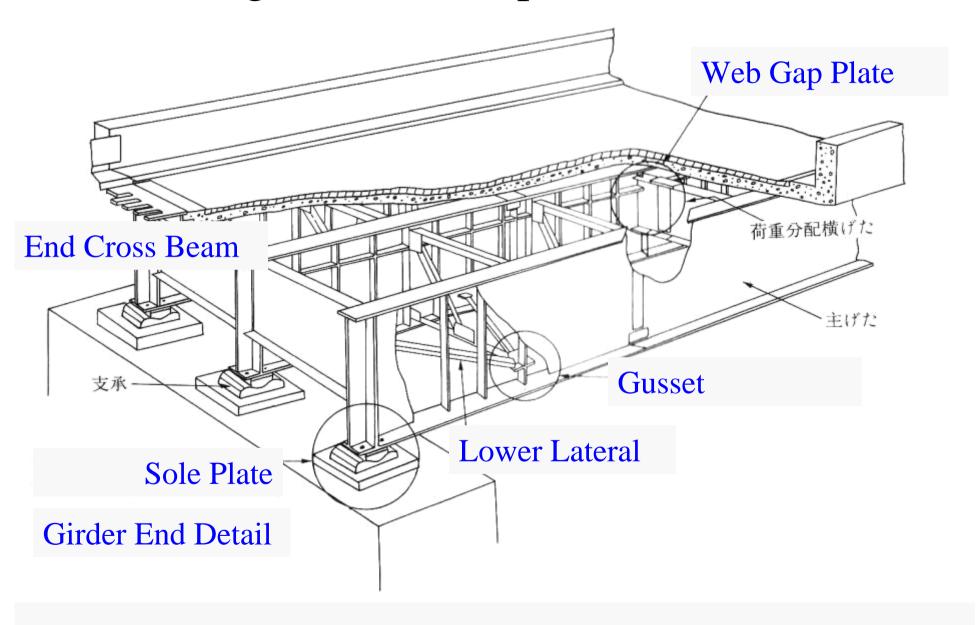


**Panel Point** 



Steel and Concrete

# Fatigue Crack Map (Plate Girder)



## Fatigue Crack Map (Orthotropic Steel Deck)

